

GBW OUR METHOD FOR SUCCESS

HOW DID YOU WIN THAT CASE? \$3.5 MILLION SETTLEMENT

for Pedestrian Struck by School Bus How to Hold a School District Responsible for School Bus Related Injuries

PRESENTERS



Geoffrey Wells

As one of the leading trial lawyers in the state, Geoff Wells has obtained more than 250 multimillion-dollar verdicts and settlements in complex legal actions. Geoff's practice focuses on personal injury, wrongful death, motor vehicle accidents, product liability, premises liability, motor vehicle accidents and product defect cases. Geoff was named a Finalist for CAOC's Consumer Attorney of The Year Award in 2018 and also named a CAALA Trial Lawyer of the Year Finalist.



Christian Nickerson

is a trial attorney specializing in employment litigation, business litigation, catastrophic personal injury, and wrongful death cases. He has achieved over \$160 million in jury verdicts and negotiated settlements on behalf of clients, and is a two-time finalist for CAOC's Consumer Attorney of the Year Award. Christian was named Top 40 under 40 by the National Trial Lawyers and recognized as a Southern California Rising Star, 2015 – 2020.

















STATE OF CALIFORNIA NARRATIVE/SUPPL	EMENTAL	P	PAGE 9 OF 11					
DATE OF INCIDENT 09/19/2017	TIME 1405	NCIC NUMBER 9525	OFFICER I.D. 018366	NUMBER 9525-2017-20037				
Area's of Impact (AOI's	<u>i):</u>							
3 4 AOI#1 (V-1 vs P-2) w	s located approxin	nately 5 ft. north of the no	rth roadway edge pro	longation of Baseline Rd				
	AOI #1, (V-1 vs. P-2), was located, approximately 5 ft. north of the north roadway edge prolongation of Baseline Rd. and 23 ft. west of the east roadway edge of Emerald Ave.							
AOI #2, (P-2 vs. Roadway), was located, approximately 17 ft. north of the north roadway edge prolongation of								
	Baseline Rd. and 30 ft. west of the east roadway edge of Emerald Ave.							
8 9								
0 Cause:		1						
1								
P-1 (Orozcomedina) caused this collision by failing to yield to P-2 (Reh) who was a pedestrian within a marked								
3 crosswalk and was in viol	lation of 21950 (a)	VC						
4 5 All Opinions and Conclus	ione were actublich	ied by vehicle damage, ob	convetions and states	nonte				
6	sions were establish	icu by venicie dantage, ob	servations, and states	nçinis,				
7								
8 Recommendations:								
9								
0 None.								



MARY

- Left hip fracture;
- Left pelvis fracture;
- Left knee/tibia fractures requiring 5 surgeries;
- Left foot/ankle injury requiring surgery;
- Facial lacerations requiring 10-20 stitches;
- and emotional distress/depression

<u>KIM</u>

Loss of consortium



















THE DEFENDANTS

- BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
- INDIVIDUAL BUS DRIVER (Why name the individual?)
- CITY OF LA VERNE / SAN DIMAS / GLENDORA
- COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES



BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CLAIM FOR DAMAGES FORM

Name of Claimant: MARY ELAINE REH and KIM REH				(injured or damaged party)		
	Name of Claimant:MARY ELAINE REH and RIM REH Date of Birth: Social Security No					
(Num	ber/Street)	(City	ox 2131, Santa M /State/Zip Code)		(Area Code & Number)	
Business Address: _				Ph	none No.	
		,	(City/State/Zi		(Area Code & Number	
Claimant receives or	is eligible for SSI	OI or Medicare*	Yes		No	
Directions: Indicate	to which addres	ss you wish notices	sent: SEE ABC	VE.		
When Did Injury or D	amage Occur?	SEE ATTACHED				
		(Month/Day/Year)		(Day of Week)	(Time of Day)	
Where Did Injury or D	Damage Occur? _	SEE ATTACHED				
		(School site, street ad	ldress, intersectin	ng streets, or other	locations)	
How Did Injury or Da	mage Occur?	SEE ATTACHED				
	(0	Describe accident or o	ccurrence in com	plete detail/attach a	additional pages if needed)	
iniury or damages:					have information regarding you	
injury or damages: SEE ATTACHED Names of School Em	ployees involved	SEE ATTACH	ED			
injury or damages: SEE ATTACHED Names of School Em	ployees involved		ED			
injury or damages: SEE ATTACHED Names of School Em Police Report Numbe	ployees involved er (if applicable) _	:SEE ATTACH	ED			
injury or damages: SEE ATTACHED Names of School Em Police Report Numbe What Action or Inacti	ployees involved er (if applicable) _ on of District Emp	:SEE ATTACH	ED Ir Injury or Damag	je?SEE ATT		
injury or damages: SEE ATTACHED Names of School Em Police Report Numbe What Action or Inacti	ployees Involved er (if applicable) _ on of District Emp age Did You Suff	:SEE ATTACH whoyee(s) Caused You	ED r Injury or Damag CHED	je?SEE ATT	TACHED	
injury or damages: <u>SEE ATTACHED</u> Names of School Em Police Report Numbe What Action or Inacti What Injuries or Dam State the Amount of t Include the estimated	ployees Involved er (if applicable) _ on of District Emp age Did You Suff the Claim if it is le d amount of any p	:SEE ATTACH bloyee(s) Caused You ier?SEE ATTA ss than \$10,000:	ED r Injury or Damag CHED SEE ATTACHED rage or loss insol	ge? <u>SEE ATT</u>	TACHED	
injury or damages: <u>SEE ATTACHED</u> Names of School Em Police Report Number What Action or Inacti What Injuries or Dam State the Amount of the stimated presented and list the	ployees Involved er (if applicable) _ on of District Emp age Did You Suff the Claim if it is le amount of any p basis for the cor	:SEE ATTACH bloyee(s) Caused You ier?SEE ATTA ss than \$10,000: rospective injury, dam nputation of the amou	ED r Injury or Damag CHED SEE ATTACHED nage or loss insof nit claimed:	ge? <u>SEE ATT</u> ar as it may be kno	TACHED	
injury or damages: <u>SEE ATTACHED</u> Names of School Em Police Report Numbe What Action or Inacti What Injuries or Dam State the Amount of t Include the estimated presented and list the <u>SEE ATTACHED</u> If the dollar amount of	ployees involved r (if applicable) _ on of District Emp lage Did You Suff the Claim if it is le amount of any p basis for the cor	:SEE ATTACH bloyee(s) Caused You ier?SEE ATTA ss than \$10,000: rospective injury, dam nputation of the amou	ED r Injury or Damag CHED SEE ATTACHED sage or loss insof int claimed:	ge?SEE ATT	TACHED	

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 1.
 Claimants/ Names of Injured Parties:
 MARY ELAINE REH, an individual; KIM

 2
 REH, an individual.

Address to which claimants wish correspondence to be mailed: c/o Geoffrey S.
 Wells, Esq., GREENE, BROILLET, & WHEELER, P.O. Box 2131, Santa Monica, California
 90407-2131; (310) 576-1200.

3. <u>Nature of Injuries</u>: As a result of the subject incident, MARY ELAINE REH sustained severe and permanent physical injuries including, but not limited to, traumatic brain injuries, a concussion, broken/crushed knee and leg requiring surgery/pins/rods, fractured hip, a fractured pelvis, cuts, contusions, and stitches. Further, MARY ELAINE REH and KIM REH (the husband of MARY ELAINE REH) sustained severe emotional distress, loss earning capacity, loss of earnings, loss of earning potential, loss of consortium, the loss of love, companionship, comfort, care, assistance, protection, affection, society, moral support, and services, and the loss of enjoyment of sexual relations as a result of the subject incident.

 <u>Amount of claimed damages</u>: Based on the severe and permanent nature of their injuries, Claimants demand damages in excess of the jurisdictional limits of Superior Court. The exact amount of said losses will be stated according to proof, pursuant to <u>Code of Civil Procedure</u> Section 425.10.

Date damage occurred: September 19, 2017

 Place Where Damage Occurred: The subject incident occurred at or near crosswalk and intersection of Baseline Rd. and Emerald Avenue in La Verne, CA (hereinafter referred to at times as the "SUBJECT LOCATION". See Traffic Collision Report, attached hereto.

Covernmental Entities Alleged to Be at Fault: BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL
 DISTRICT, ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA. CITY OF LA VERNE, COUNTY OF LOS
 ANGELES, CITY OF SAN DIMAS, CITY OF GLENDORA, and DOES 1-100, inclusive.

8. <u>Names, Addresses and Telephone Numbers of Witnesses:</u> Known witnesses at
 this time include, but are not limited to, Mary Elaine Reh (may be contacted through counsel
 above); Kim Reh (may be contacted through counsel above); other family members and friends of

GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP P.O. BOX 2131 SANTA MONICA, CA 90407-2131 6

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 Claimants (may be contacted through counsel above); Claimants' treating physicians and medical

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 personnel; First Responders; Rose Marie Quozcomedina: Officer J. Moniz, Officer M. Van

 3
 Valkenburgh; Xavier Garcia; Raquel Madikians; Michelle Tibbetts; For witness contact

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 information please see Traffic Collision Report, attached hereto.

9. <u>Nature of the Case</u>: On or about September 19, 2017, at approximately 2:05 p.m., Claimant Mary Elaine Reh was lawfully walking westbound in a marked crosswalk at or near the SUBJECT LOCATION. At or around the same time and location, school bus operator ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA, while in the course and scope of her employment with BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, CITY OF LA VERNE, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CITY OF SAN DIMAS, CITY OF GLENDORA, and/or DOES 1-100, inclusive, and each of them, operated the subject school bus in a negligent, reckless, and/or careless manner, turning left onto northbound Emerald Ave. into the crosswalk area without yielding to Claimaint Mary Elaine Reh. As a result of this negligent, reckless and/or careless conduct, the subject school bus hit Claimant Mary Elaine Reh as she was lawfully crossing in the marked crosswalk, thereby causing severe and permanent injuries to Claimants. Discovery and investigation continue.

Claimants are informed and believe and thereupon allege that respondents BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA. CITY OF LA VERNE, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CITY OF SAN DIMAS, CITY OF GLENDORA, and/or DOES 1-100, inclusive, and each of them, and their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors, breached their duty of care that was owed to Claimants, and negligently, carelessly, recklessly, or in some other actionable manner operated the subject school bus and/or caused it to be operated in such a manner which created a foreseeable risk of harm and injury as complained of herein. Said negligent, careless and reckless conduct was a cause of above described incident and consequential injuries and damages to Claimants.

Claimants are informed and believe and thereupon allege that such negligent, careless, and/or reckless conduct includes, but is not limited to: negligently, carelessly, and/or recklessly operating the subject school bus; negligently hiring, supervising, training and/or controlling their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors; negligently entrusting the subject school

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GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP bus to their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors; failing to properly control, supervise, maintain, operate, inspect, and/or repair the subject school bus so as to cause a foreseeable dangerous condition to exist capable of producing the nature and extent of injuries as complained of herein.

Claimants are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Respondents and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, inspected, designed, maintained, managed, allowed, controlled, operated, oversaw, equipped, instructed, permitted, regulated, constructed, supervised and/or were otherwise responsible for conducting, regulating and maintaining safety at or near the Subject Location, where pedestrians were lawfully permitted to cross, and frequently did cross. Claimants are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that said Respondents were also responsible for taking reasonable precautions to ensure the safe operation of school buses and vehicles at the Subject Location, and to prevent and minimize the risk of vehicle vs. pedestrian collisions at the Subject Location.

The Subject Location was in a dangerous condition, including, but not limited to, vision obstruction and inadequate, non-existent and/or deficient warning signals, traffic/pedestrian signal timing, signs, designs, pavement markings and texturing, pedestrian crosswalk and sidewalk areas; warning systems, light systems, and/or traffic signal controls to ensure the safety of those people upon public property. Claimants are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Respondents were and are responsible for operating, monitoring, regulating, timing, controlling, designing, installing, maintaining, constructing, inspecting, and/or repairing the pedestrian safety and traffic control devices, timing and systems at the Subject Location. Respondents' failure to inspect, operate design, maintain, manage, allow, control, operate, oversee, equip, instruct, permit, regulate, construct, supervise, and/or install the aforementioned warning systems, light systems, pedestrian safety devices and traffic control devices at the Subject Location, caused the dangerous condition to exist at the Subject Location.

Claimants contend that as a result of the above-mentioned acts and omissions of Respondents, a dangerous condition was created and Respondents had actual and/or constructive notice of the dangerous condition at a sufficient time prior to the injury to have taken measures to

protect against said dangerous condition. Respondents therefore negligently, carelessly, and/or 2 recklessly, failed to install, monitor, regulate, control, time, change, inspect, and/or repair the warning systems, light systems, pedestrian and traffic control devices at the Subject Location 3 despite actual or constructive notice that it was unsafe for pedestrians in the area.

The Subject Location was a concealed trap, due to vision obstruction, and inadequate, nonexistent and/or deficient warning signals, traffic signal timing, signs, designs, pavement markings and texturing, pedestrian crosswalk and sidewalk areas; warning systems, light systems, flashers and/or traffic signal controls to ensure the safety of those people at the Subject Location, Claimants allege that the actions set forth above by Respondents were negligent, careless, and reckless acts or failures to act which proximately caused the injuries and damages to Claimants, as alleged herein.

For the reasons set forth above, said public property herein described was in a dangerous condition, creating a substantial risk of injury to persons such as Claimants, when such property was used in a manner in which it was reasonably foreseeable that it would be used. This creation of and/or failure to warn of the dangerous conditions, combined with the illusion and perception of safety, constituted a concealed trap and was a cause Claimants' severe and permanent injuries.

Claimants further allege that as a result of as a result of the subject incident, MARY ELAINE REH sustained severe and permanent physical injuries including, but not limited to. traumatic brain injuries, a concussion, broken/crushed knee and leg requiring surgery/pins/rods, fractured hip, a fractured pelvis, cuts, contusions, and stitches. Further, MARY ELAINE REH and KIM REH (the husband of MARY ELAINE REH) sustained severe emotional distress, loss earning capacity, loss of earnings, loss of earning potential, loss of consortium, the loss of love, companionship, comfort, care, assistance, protection, affection, society, moral support, and services, and the loss of enjoyment of sexual relations as a result of the subject incident.

Please also see information contained in the attached Traffic Collision Report, which is 26 hereby incorporated by reference.

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	1	10. <u>Reservation of right to amend and/or supplement claim</u> : Claimants reserve the						
	2	right to amend and/or supplement this Claim for Damages, including asserting new theories of						
	3	liability or causes of action, upon discovery of new or additional information or facts.						
	4							
GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP	5	DATED: October 27, 2017 GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP						
	6							
	7	Geoffrey S. Wells						
	8	Tobin M. Lanzetta Christian T.F. Nickerson						
	9	Attorneys for Claimants						
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Must be submitted within 6 months

 What do I do if the 6 month period has expired or the Government Claim is defective and past the 6 months?



• Application for Leave to Present a Late Claim 911.4.

(a) When a claim that is required by Section 911.2 to be presented not later than six months after the accrual of the cause of action is not presented within that time, a **written application** may be made to the public entity for leave to present that claim. (b) The application shall be presented to the public entity as provided in Article 2 (commencing with Section 915) within a reasonable time not to exceed one year after the accrual of the cause of action and shall state the reason for the delay in presenting the claim. The proposed claim shall be attached to the application.



• Application for Leave to Present a Late Claim

911.6.

(a) The board shall grant or deny the application within 45 days...

(b) The board shall grant the application where one or more of the following is applicable:

- (1) The failure to present the claim was through **mistake, inadvertence, surprise or excusable neglect and the public entity was not prejud**iced in its defense....
- (2) The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage or loss <u>was a minor</u> during all of the time specified in Section 911.2 for the presentation of the claim.

(3) The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage or loss <u>was physically or mentally</u> <u>incapacitated</u> during all of the time specified in Section 911.2 for the presentation of the claim and by reason of such disability failed to present a claim during such time.
(4) The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage or loss <u>died</u> before the expiration of the time specified in Section 911.2 for the presentation of the claim.
(c) If the board fails or refuses to act on an application within the time prescribed by this

section, the application shall be deemed to have been denied on the 45th day...



• Petition for Leave to Present a Late Claim

(a) If an application for leave to present a claim is denied or deemed to be denied pursuant to <u>Section 911.6</u>, a petition may be made to the court for an order relieving the petitioner from <u>Section 945.4</u>. The proper court for filing the petition is a superior court that would be a proper court for the trial of an action on the cause of action to which the claim relates. If the petition is filed in a court which is not a proper court for the determination of the matter, the court, on motion of any party, shall transfer the proceeding to a proper court. If an action on the cause of action to which the claim relates would be a limited civil case, a proceeding pursuant to this section is a limited civil case.

(b) The petition shall show each of the following:

(1) That application was made to the board under <u>Section 911.4</u> and was denied or deemed denied.

(2) The reason for failure to present the claim within the time limit specified in <u>Section</u> <u>911.2</u>.

(3) The information required by <u>Section 910</u>.

The petition shall be filed within six months after the application to the board is denied or deemed to be denied pursuant to <u>Section 911.6</u>.



1 2 3 4 5	GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER, LLP LAWYERS 100 WILBHIER BOULEVARD, SUITE 2100 P.O. BOX 2131 SANTA MODIECA, CALIFORNIA 50457-2131 TEL. (310) 576-1200 FAX. (310) 576-1200 FAX. (310) 576-1200 GEOFFREY S. WELLS, State Bar No. 126498 CHRISTIAN T. F. NICKERSON, State Bar No. 281084 Attorneys for <u>Plaintiffs</u>					
6						
7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES					
10	FOR THE COURT OF EOS ARGEEDS					
11	MARY ELAINE REH, an individual; and KIM	CASE NO.				
12	REH, an individual, Plaintiffs.	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES				
13	VS.	(Amount in Controversy Exceeds 25,000.00)				
14	BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, a	1. NEGLIGENCE (GOVERNMENT				
15	government entity; ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA; an individual; CITY OF	CODE §§ 820(a), 815.2(a) and 815.4) 2. VICARIOUS LIABILITY				
16 17	LA VERNE, a government entity; COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, a government entity;	(GOVERNMENT CODE 815.2(a) and 815.4)				
18	CITY OF SAN DIMAS, a government entity; and DOES 1-100, inclusive,	3. DANGEROUS CONDITION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY (GOVERNMENT CODE § 835)				
19	Defendants.	4. LOSS OF CONSORTIUM				
20	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
21						
22	COME NOW the Plaintiffs MARY ELAINE REH, an individual, and KIM REH, an					
23	individual; and for causes of action against Defendants, and each of them, allege:					
24	CENEDAL ALL CATIONS					
25	<u>GENERAL ALLEGATIONS</u> 1. The true names and/or capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or					
26	 The true names and/or capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, are unknown to 					
27	Plaintiffs, who therefore sue said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiffs are informed and					
[803659]	- 1 - COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES / DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					

815: Except as otherwise provided by statute: (a) A public entity is not liable for an injury, whether such injury arises out of an act or omission of the public entity or a public employee or any other person.

• SO HOW DO YOU ALLEGE NEGLIGENCE AGAINST A GOVERNMENT ENTITY?



<u>820 (a)</u>: Except as otherwise provided by statute (including Section 820.2), a public employee is liable for injury caused by his act or omission to the same extent as a private person.

<u>815.2</u>: (a) A public entity is liable for injury proximately caused by an act or omission of an employee of the public entity within the scope of his employment if the act or omission would, apart from this section, have given rise to a cause of action against that employee or his personal representative.

<u>815.4</u> : A public entity is liable for injury proximately caused by a tortious act or omission of an independent contractor of the public entity to the same extent that the public entity would be subject to such liability if it were a private person

<u>820 (a)</u>: Except as otherwise provided by statute (including Section 820.2), a public employee is liable for injury caused by his act or omission to the same extent as a private person.

<u>815.2</u>: (a) A public entity is liable for injury proximately caused by an act or omission of an employee of the public entity within the scope of his employment if the act or omission would, apart from this section, have given rise to a cause of action against that employee or his personal representative.

<u>815.4</u> : A public entity is liable for injury proximately caused by a tortious act or omission of an independent contractor of the public entity to the same extent that the public entity would be subject to such liability if it were a private person

GREENE BROILLET & WH P.O. BOX 213' SANTA MONICA, CA 90 14 FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION 15 (Negligence under Government Code §§ 815.2(a), 815.4, and 820(a) as Against Defendants 16 BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA, and DOES 17 1 through 100, inclusive) 18 Plaintiffs reallege as though fully set forth at length, and incorporate herein by 15. 19 reference, the preceding paragraphs above. 20Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that Defendants BONITA 16. 21 UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA, and DOES 1 through 100, 22 inclusive, and each of them had a nondelegable duty to take reasonable precautions to ensure the 23 safe operation of school buses at the SUBJECT LOCATION, to provide a reasonably safe 24 transportation system, and to prevent and/or minimize the risk of vehicle vs. pedestrian collisions 25 at the SUBJECT LOCATION. 26 Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege that at all times mentioned 17. 27 herein, said Defendants and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them, as well as their 28 - 5 -COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES / DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL [803659]



agents, employees and independent contractors inspected, designed, maintained, allowed,
 permitted, regulated, constructed, supervised and/or were otherwise responsible for conducting,
 regulating and maintaining safety at or near the scene of the subject incident, and for conducting,
 regulating, and maintaining the safe operation of the SUBJECT SCHOOL BUS.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendants BONITA 5 18. 6 UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, ROSE MARIE OROZCOMEDINA, and DOES 1 through 100, $\overline{7}$ inclusive, and their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors breached their duty of 8 care by negligently, carelessly, recklessly, or in some other actionable manner operating the 0 SUBJECT SCHOOL BUS and/or causing it to be operated in such a manner which created a 10 foreseeable risk of harm and injury as complained of herein. Said negligent, careless and reckless conduct was a cause of above described incident and consequential injuries and damages to 11 Plaintiffs. As a result of this negligent, reckless and/or careless conduct, the SUBJECT SCHOOL 12 13 BUS hit Plaintiff MARY ELAINE REH as she was lawfully crossing in the marked crosswalk, thereby causing severe and permanent injuries to Plaintiffs. 14

19. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that such negligent, careless, and/or reckless conduct includes, but is not limited to: negligently, carelessly, and/or recklessly operating the SUBJECT SCHOOL BUS; negligently hiring, supervising, training and/or controlling their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors; negligently entrusting the SUBJECT SCHOOL BUS to their employees, agents, servants and independent contractors; failing to properly control, supervise, maintain, operate, inspect, and/or repair the SUBJECT SCHOOL BUS so as to cause a foreseeable dangerous condition to exist capable of producing the nature and extent of injuries as complained of herein.

23 20. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereupon allege, that as a result of the
 above described conduct, said Defendants, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, and each of them,
 breached their duty to act in a reasonable manner.

21. As a direct and proximate result of the conduct of the Defendants, and each of them, as aforesaid, Plaintiffs were injured and hurt in their health, strength and activity, sustaining injuries to their bodies, and shock and injury to their nervous systems and persons, all of which

(803669)

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- 6 -COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES / DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

DANGEROUS CONDITION

1100. Dangerous Condition on Public Property - Essential Factual Elements (Gov. Code, § 835)

[*Name of plaintiff*] claims that [he/she/nonbinary pronoun] was harmed by a dangerous condition of [name of defendant]'s property. To establish this claim, [name of plaintiff] must prove all of the following:

- 1. That [name of defendant] owned [or controlled] the property;
- 2. That the property was in a dangerous condition at the time of the injury;
- 3. That the dangerous condition created a reasonably foreseeable risk of the kind of injury that occurred;
- 4. [That negligent or wrongful conduct of [name of defendant]'s employee acting within the scope of employment created the dangerous condition;]

[or]

[That [name of defendant] had notice of the dangerous condition for a long enough time to have protected against it;]

- 5. That [name of plaintiff] was harmed; and
- 6. That the dangerous condition was a substantial factor in causing [name of plaintiff]'s harm.



DANGEROUS CONDITION

1102. Definition of "Dangerous Condition" (Gov. Code, § 830(a))

A "dangerous condition" is a condition of public property that creates a substantial risk of injury to members of the general public when the property [or adjacent property] is used with reasonable care and in a reasonably foreseeable manner. A condition that creates only a minor risk of injury is not a dangerous condition. [Whether the property is in a dangerous condition is to be determined without regard to whether [[name of plaintiff]/ [or] [name of third party]] exercised or failed to exercise reasonable care in [his/her/nonbinary pronoun] use of the property.]



DANGEROUS CONDITION

- "The status of a condition as 'dangerous' for purposes of the statutory definition does *not* depend on whether the plaintiff or other persons were actually exercising due care but on whether the condition of the property posed a substantial risk of injury to persons who were exercising due care." (*Cole v. Town of Los Gatos* (2012) 205 Cal.App.4th 749, 768 [140 Cal.Rptr.3d 722], original italics.)
- "[T]he fact the particular plaintiff may not have used due care is relevant only to his [or her] comparative fault and not to the issue of the presence of a dangerous condition." (*Castro v. City of Thousand Oaks* (2015) 239 Cal.App.4th 1451, 1459 [192 Cal.Rptr.3d 376].)
- "The negligence of a plaintiff-user of public property . . . is a defense which may be asserted by a public entity; it has no bearing upon the determination of a 'dangerous condition' in the first instance. . . . If, however, it can be shown that the property is safe when used with due care and that a risk of harm is created only when foreseeable users fail to exercise due care, then such property is not 'dangerous' within the meaning of section 830, subdivision (a)." (*Fredette, supra*, 187 Cal.App.3d at p. 131, internal citation omitted.)



SCHOOL DISTRICT DEFENSES

• **BLAME THE PEDESTRIAN**

• Cell Phone, Distracted Walking, Not crossing at the proper time

• **BLAME THE CROSSWALK**

 Signal malfunction, vision obstruction, dangerous condition



Discovery – Scene Inspection




Discovery – Scene Inspection





DISCOVERY – VEHICLE INSPECTION





DISCOVERY – VEHICLE INSPECTION

What did the Scene / Vehicle Inspection tell us?

- No Dangerous Condition of Public Property case
- No vision obstruction
- The crosswalk was safe and the signals were in working order
- Straight Negligence case against Bonita Unified School District

REMAINING DEFENDANTS

BONITA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

• INDIVIDUAL BUS DRIVER



What to ask for? (CONTACT US FOR SAMPLES)

- Incident Reports
- Photographs
- Video
- Onboard Data Recorders / SmartDrive Video
- Maintenance Records
- Driver Training Materials
- Safety Materials
- Policies and Procedures
- Driver file
- Records re: Route / Timing



Compelling incident reports:

- The "attorney-client privilege does not embrace matters otherwise unprivileged merely because the client has communicated those matters to his attorney." *Green & Shinee v. Superior Court*, (2001) 88 Cal.App.4th 53.
- Internal documents do not become privileged because the documents are subsequently transmitted to an attorney. *See San Francisco United School District v. Superior Court* (1961) 55 Cal.2d 451, 456. See also *Suezaki v. Superior Court* (1962) 58 Cal. 2d 166.
- Take depositions re: the context of the incident report. Not made in anticipation of litigation but normal course of business.





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GREENE BROILLET & WHEELER LLP

Depositions

- Driver deposition
- PMQ re: Training
- PMQ re: Bus Schedule
- PMQ re: Safety



Beware Diaz:

Defendant may claim that plaintiffs are barred from conducting discovery on safety and training under *Diaz v. Carcamo*, (2011) 51 Cal.4th 1148, if the Defendant admits that the bus driver was acting in the course and scope of his/her employment at the time of the incident.

However, Diaz merely states that upon concession of vicarious liability, evidence regarding negligent hiring, entrustment or retention is inadmissible at trial. Diaz says absolutely nothing about the admissibility or discoverability of evidence regarding safety policies and procedures and training.

Beware *Diaz*:

Additionally, California courts have held that evidence of an employer's safety rules/bulletins is admissible to show negligence of an employee.

Employer safety rules may be introduced on the ground that the employee's failure to follow safety rules promulgated by the employer, regardless of its substance, serves as evidence of negligence, and jury is entitled to conclude that the mere fact of a violation of a safety rule promulgated by the employer is evidence that employee conducted himself carelessly. *Dillenbeck v. City of Los Angeles*, (1968) 69 Cal. 2d 472, 477-82.



Beware Diaz:

Just as safety rules may serve as evidence demonstrating an employee's negligence – so too does training provided by the employer. Such evidence helps to set up the appropriate standard of care.



THE LIABILITY PICTURE MORAL OF THE STORY: USE THE DEFENDANT'S OWN TRAINING AND SAFETY **DOCUMENTATION AND** POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO SET STANDARD OF CARE AND **ESTABLISH FORESEEABILITY**



Other Discovery

What to ask for?

- Depose Police
- Use client's own cell phone records to prove no distraction – Potential PMQ from cell phone provider to explain records
- Subpoena signal timing / maintenance records to establish signal working properly
- SWITRS reports No prior incidents



	ITEM	S N	ARKED BELOW FOLLOWED BY AN AS	TER	RIS	K (SHOULD BE EXPLAINED IN THE N	AR	RA	TIV	E.
E	PRIMARY COLLISION FACTOR LIST NUMBER (a) OF PARTY AT FAULT	R (a) OF PARTY AT FAULT TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES		1	2	3	SPECIAL INFORMATION	1	2	3	MOVEMENT PRECEDING COLLISION
lī.	VE SECTION UNDLARED. CITED YES	x	A CONTROLS FUNCTIONING	Г	_	Γ	A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL			1	A STOPPED
1	A 21950(A)		B CONTROLS NOT FUNCTIONING*			T	B CELL PHONE HANDHELD IN USE		x		B PROCEEDING STRAIGHT
	B OTHER IMPROPER DRIVING*		C CONTROLS OBSCURED			Т	C CELL PHONE HANDSPREE IN USE		r	1	C RAN OFF ROAD
	-		D NO CONTROLS PRESENT / FACTOR*	X	x		D CELL PHONE NOT IN USE			1	D MAKING RIGHT TURN
	C OTHER THAN DRIVER*	TYPE OF COLLISION		Ix.	x	x	E SCHOOL BUS RELATED			1	E MAKING LEFT TURN
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			B SIDE SWIPE			T	G 32 FT TRALER COMBO	1		1	G BACKING
			C REAR END			T	H				H SLOWING / STOPPING
	WEATHER (MARK 1 TO 2 (TEMS)		D BROADSIDE				1				PASSING OTHER VEHICLE
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	D SNOWING		H OTHER*			T	M		-		M OTHER UNSAFE TURNING
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	LIGHTING	x	B PEDESTRIAN	1		T			-	t	Q TRAVELING WRONG WAY
X	A DAYLIGHT	۴	C OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE	t		1.	OTHER ASSOCIATED FACTORS	F	1	1	R OTHER"
1	B DUSK - DAWN		D MOTOR VEHICLE ON OTHER ROADWAY	11	2	3	(MARK 1 TO 2 ITEMS)	F	t-	+-	
	C DARK - STREET LIGHTS	-	E PARKED MOTOR VEHICLE		1	Sec.	A VS SECTION VOCATED: CITED: VES	t-	-	1	
	D DARK - NO STREET LIGHTS		FTRAIN	1.1	E?	4.3	^		~~~	1	
	E DARK - STREET LIGHTS NOT	F	G BICYCLE	2	-	1¢	B VO BECTICA VIOLATED. CITED. 425	t	h	1	
	FUNCTIONING*	\vdash	H ANIMAL:	15		12		Г	1	1	SOBRIETY - DRUG
÷	ROADWAY SURFACE	1.1		175	6.3	5	C VC SECTION VIOLATED CITED VIS	١.	1.	3	PHYSICAL
X	A DRY		1 PIAED OBJECT.	12	Ē	ł	°	1	2	13	(MARK 1 TO 2 ITEMS)
	B WET					T	D	X	x		A HAD NOT BEEN DRINKING
	C SNOWY - ICY		J OTHER OBJECT:			T	E VISION OBSCUREMENT:			T	B HOD - UNDER INFLUENCE
	D SUPPERY (MUDDY, OILY, ETC.)			Г		Т	F INATTENTION":		Γ	Г	C HED - NOT UNDER INFLUENCE*
	ROADWAY CONDITION(S)						G STOP & GO TRAFFIC				D HBD - IMPAIRMENT UNKNOWN*
	(MARK 1 TO 2 ITEMS)		PEDESTRIAN'S ACTIONS	Г		Γ	H ENTERING / LEAVING RAMP		Γ		E UNDER DRUG INFLUENCE*
	A HOLES, DEEP RUT*		A NO PEDESTRIANS INVOLVED			1	1 PREVIOUS COLLISION				F IMPAIRMENT - PHYSICAL*
	B LOOSE MATERIAL ON ROADWAY*	x	B CROSSING IN CROSSWALK -				J UNFAMILIAR WITH ROAD	Γ			G IMPAIRMENT NOT KNOWN
	C OBSTRUCTION ON ROADWAY*		AT INTERSECTION			T	K DEFECTIVE VEH. EQUIP .: 0/160				H NOT APPLICABLE
	D CONSTRUCTION - REPAIR ZONE		C CROSSING IN CROSSWALK - NOT	1	[1	□ ×44	Г	[1 SLEEPY / FATIGUED*
	E REDUCED ROADWAY WIDTH	1	AT INTERSECTION						Г	1	
	F FLOODED*		D CROSSING - NOT IN CROSSWALK	T			L UNINVOLVED VEHICLE	Г		1	
	G OTHER*:		E IN ROAD - INCLUDES SHOULDER	T			M OTHER*:		Γ	—	
X	H NO UNUSUAL CONDITIONS		F NOT IN ROAD	X	x		N NORE APPARENT				
			G APPROACHING / LEAVING SCHOOL BUS			E	O RUNAWAY VEHICLE		1		
9	KETCH FOR OUTBOULDT	-	AND DIGE I	SKETCH FOR OVERSCHIPTLOP LOP L							

STATE OF CALIFORNIA NARRATIVE/SUPPLE	MENTAL	PAGE 9 OF 11			
DATE OF INCIDENT 09/19/2017	TIME 1405	NCIC NUMBER 9525	OFFICER I.D. 018366	NUMBER 9525-2017-20037	
Area's of Impact (AOI's):	-				
			uti ana darana adan ma	longetion of Pasalina D	
AOI #1, (V-1 vs. P-2), was and 23 ft. west of the east ro			rth roadway edge pro	longation of Baseline K	
and 23 ft. west of the east re AOI #2, (P-2 vs. Roadway)			the north roadway e	dge prolongation of	
Baseline Rd. and 30 ft. wes				age protongation of	
	tor me cast road	way cugo or chierard rive.			
Cause:					
P-1 (Orozcomedina) caused	this collision by	failing to yield to P-2 (Re	h) who was a pedest	rian within a marked	
crosswalk and was in violat	ion of 21950 (a)	VC			
All Opinions and Conclusio	ons were establish	ied by vehicle damage, ob	servations, and stater	nents.	
December 1. Marca					
Recommendations:					
None.					



21950.

(a) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within any marked crosswalk or within any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) This section does not relieve a pedestrian from the duty of using due care for his or her safety. No pedestrian may suddenly leave a curb or other place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle that is so close as to constitute an immediate hazard. No pedestrian may unnecessarily stop or delay traffic while in a marked or unmarked crosswalk.



21950.

(c) The driver of a vehicle approaching a pedestrian within any marked or unmarked crosswalk shall exercise all due care and shall reduce the speed of the vehicle or take any other action relating to the operation of the vehicle as necessary to safeguard the safety of the pedestrian.

(d) Subdivision (b) does not relieve a driver of a vehicle from the duty of exercising due care for the safety of any pedestrian within any marked crosswalk or within any unmarked crosswalk at an intersection.



THE LIABILITY PICTURE • EXPERTS • ACCIDENT RECONSTRUCTIONIST • BUS EXPERT HUMAN FACTORS CROSSWALK EXPERT



DAMAGES

Presenting damages for Loss of Consortium

"DAY IN THE LIFE" - Do it early and consistently

























GBW OUR METHOD FOR SUCCESS

HOW DID YOU WIN THAT CASE? \$3.5 MILLION SETTLEMENT

for Pedestrian Struck by School Bus How to Hold a School District Responsible for School Bus Related Injuries

CONCLUSION / QUESTIONS

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